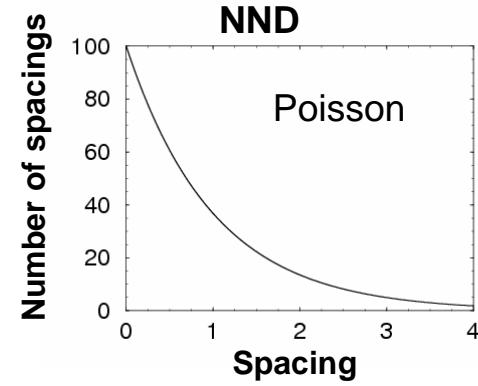
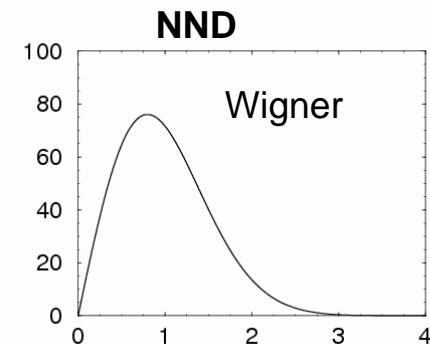
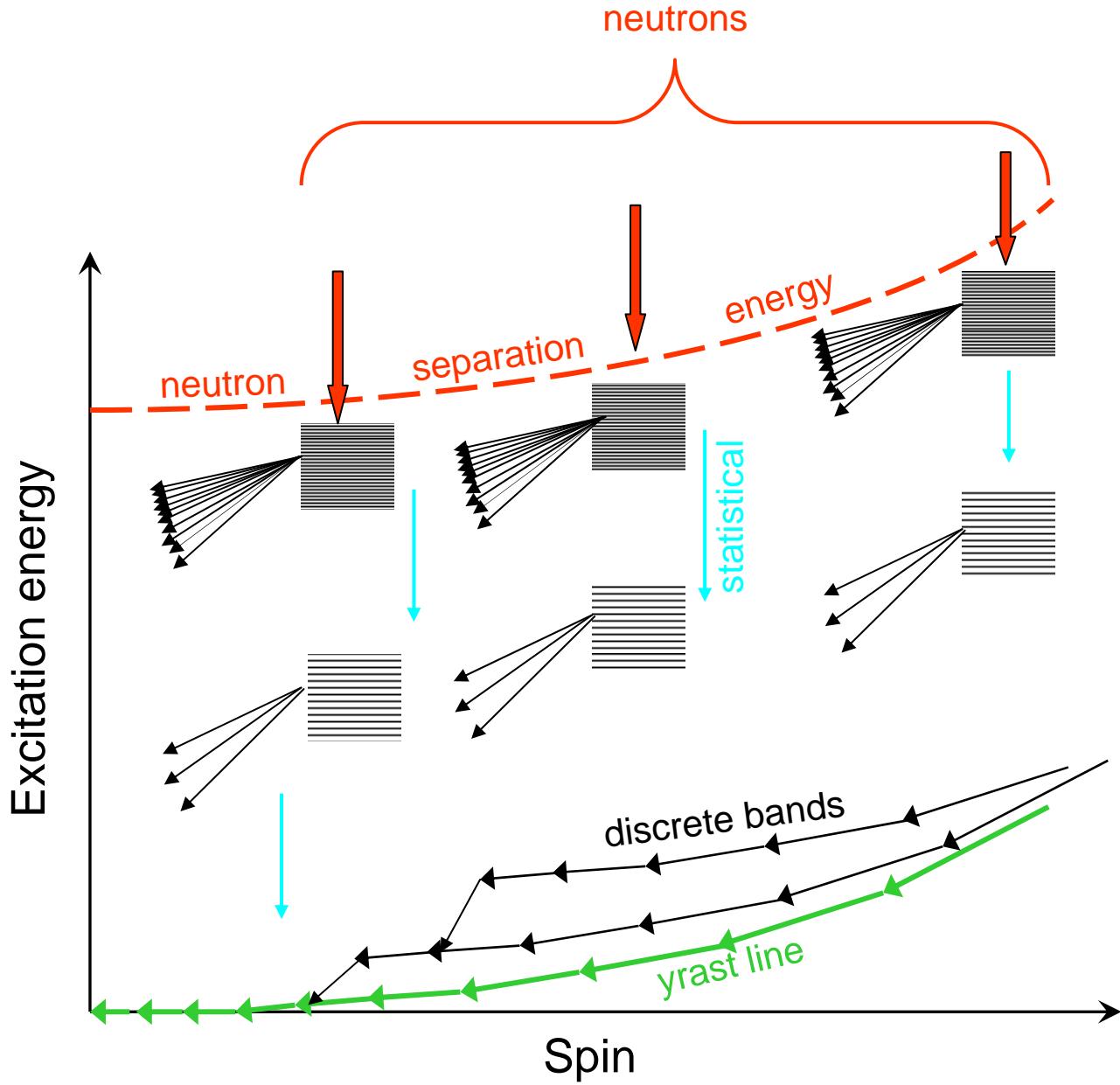


Transition from order to chaos in rotational nuclei

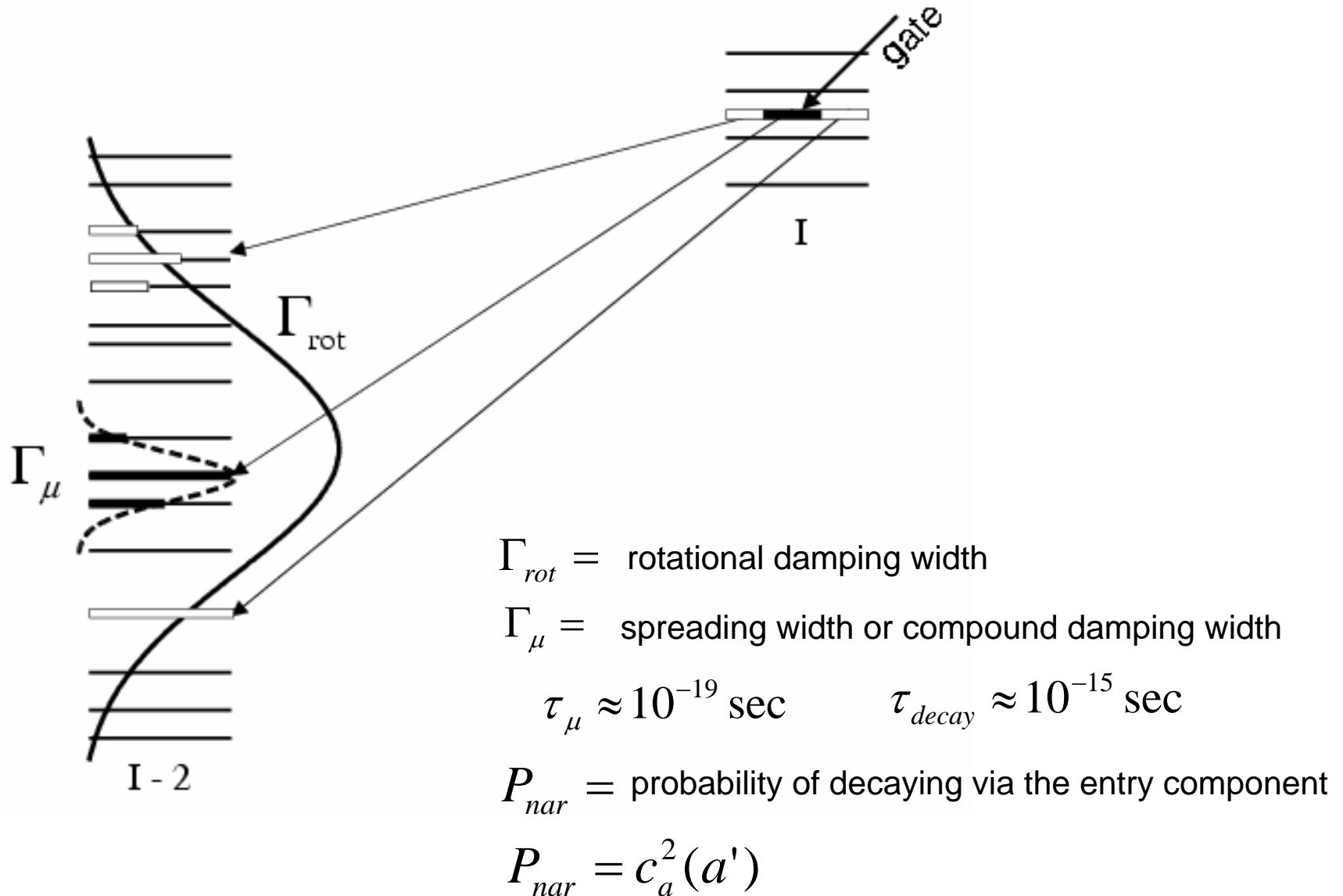
F.S. Stephens, M.A. Deleplanque, I.Y. Lee,
A.O. Macchiavelli, D. Ward, P. Fallon,
M. Cromaz, R.M. Clark, M. Descovich,
R.M. Diamond, and E. Rodriguez-Vieitez

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory





Decay of a mixed rotational state



Key parameter: v/d

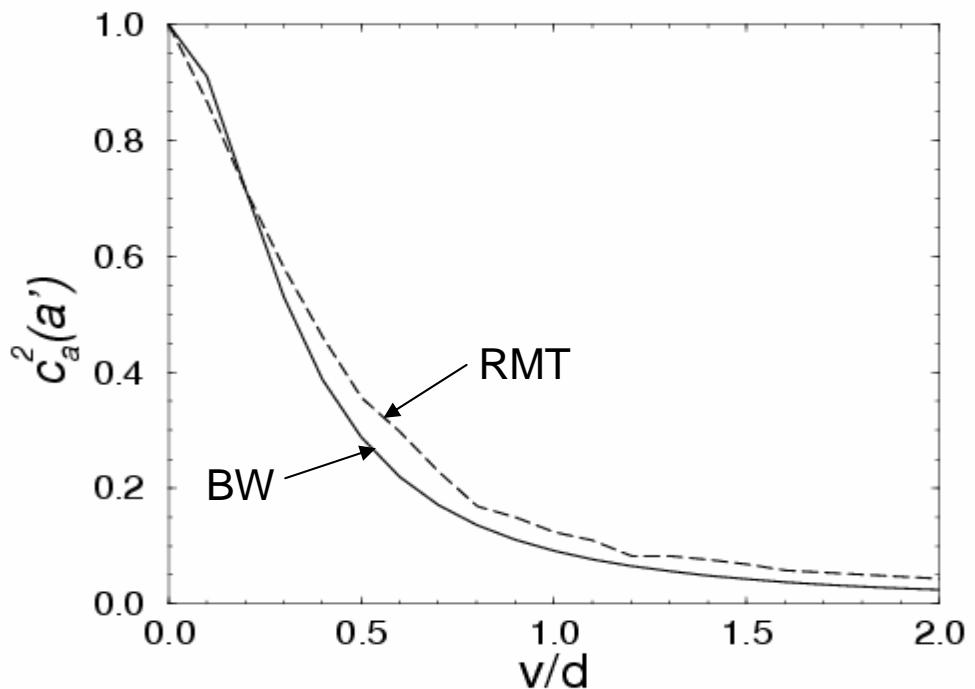
➤ A la Breit-Wigner

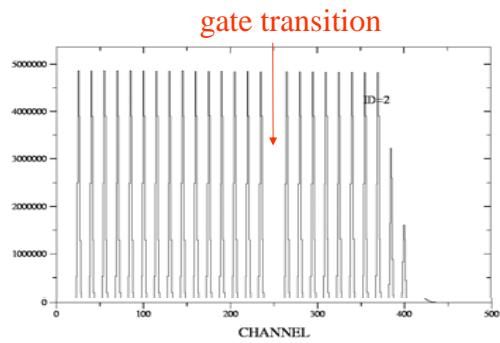
- constant level spacing = d
- constant ME = v

$$P_{nar} = c_a^2(a') = \frac{1}{1 + \pi^2(v/d)^2}$$

➤ Random matrix:

- <random initial spacing> = d
- rs ME from Gaussian:
(center: 0; rms = v)
- $v/d \sim 0 \rightarrow$ Ordered (Poisson)
- $v/d \sim 1 \rightarrow$ Chaotic (Wigner)

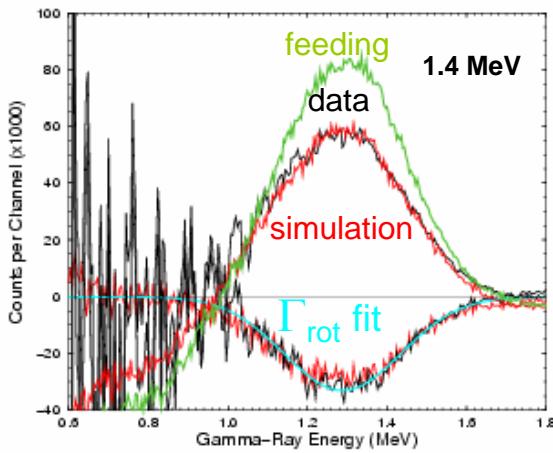




Missing gate transition
↓

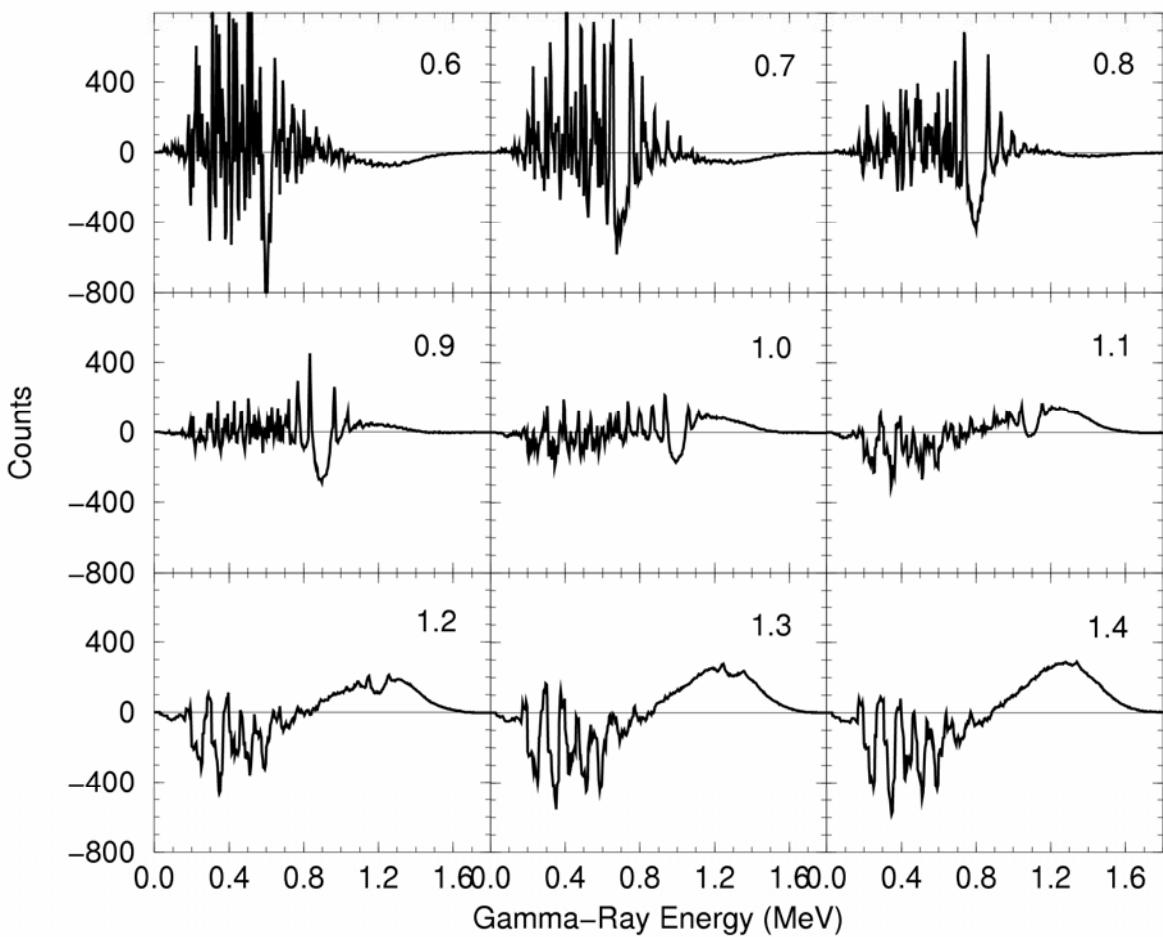
Valley-ridge structure

Determination of Γ_{rot}



Gates (S&A): 60 keV (15 x 4 keV)

$^{124}\text{Sn} + ^{48}\text{Ca} \rightarrow \text{Yb}^*, \text{Gated Spectra, COR, S&A}$



Gates: 60 keV (15 x 4 keV)

$^{124}\text{Sn} + ^{48}\text{Ca} \rightarrow \text{Yb}^*$, Gated Spectra, COR, S&A

Monte Carlo Simulation

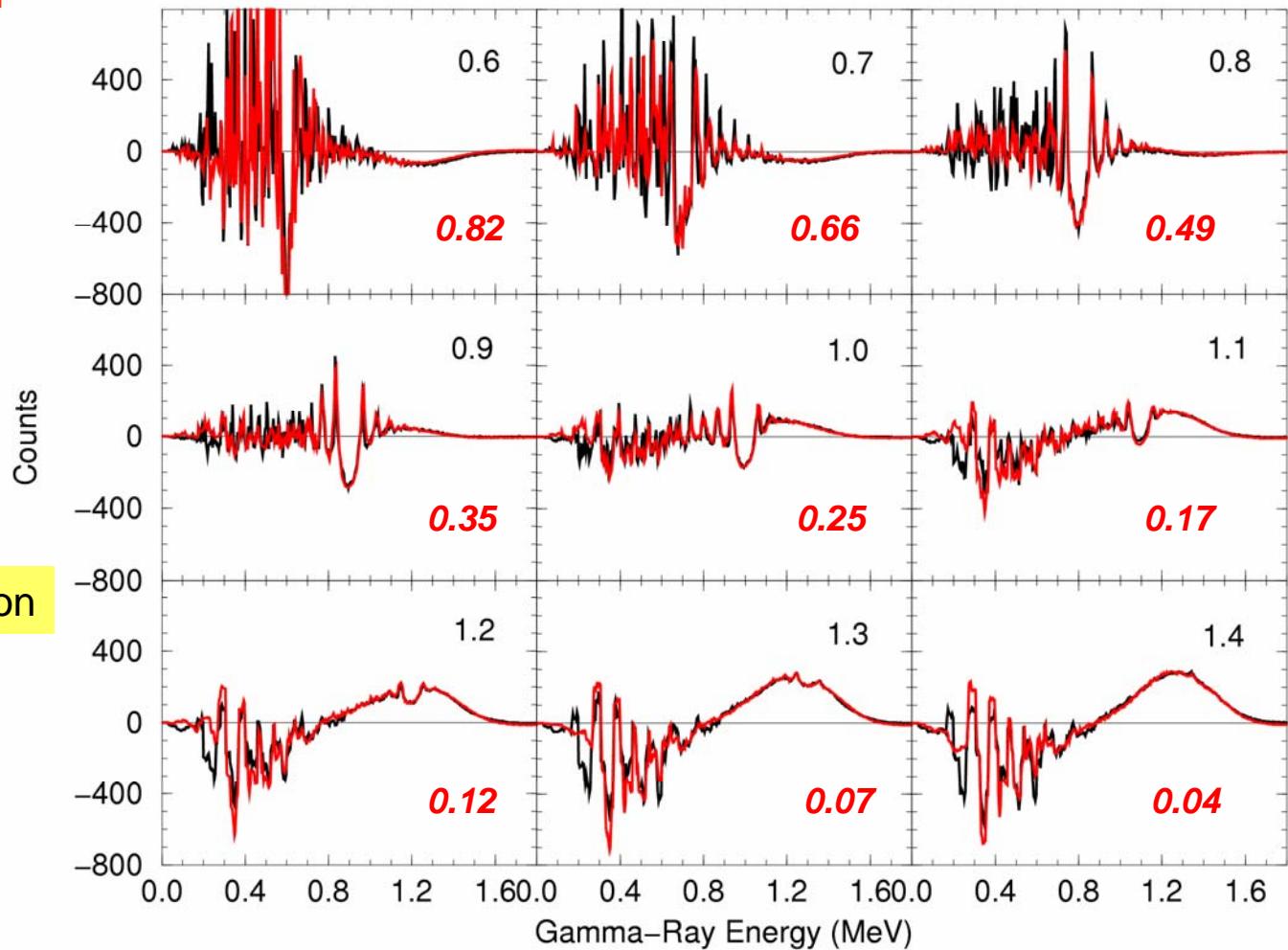
Select entry E^* , Spin

Calculate E_γ 's from competitive E1, E2 cascade, include E2 strength function

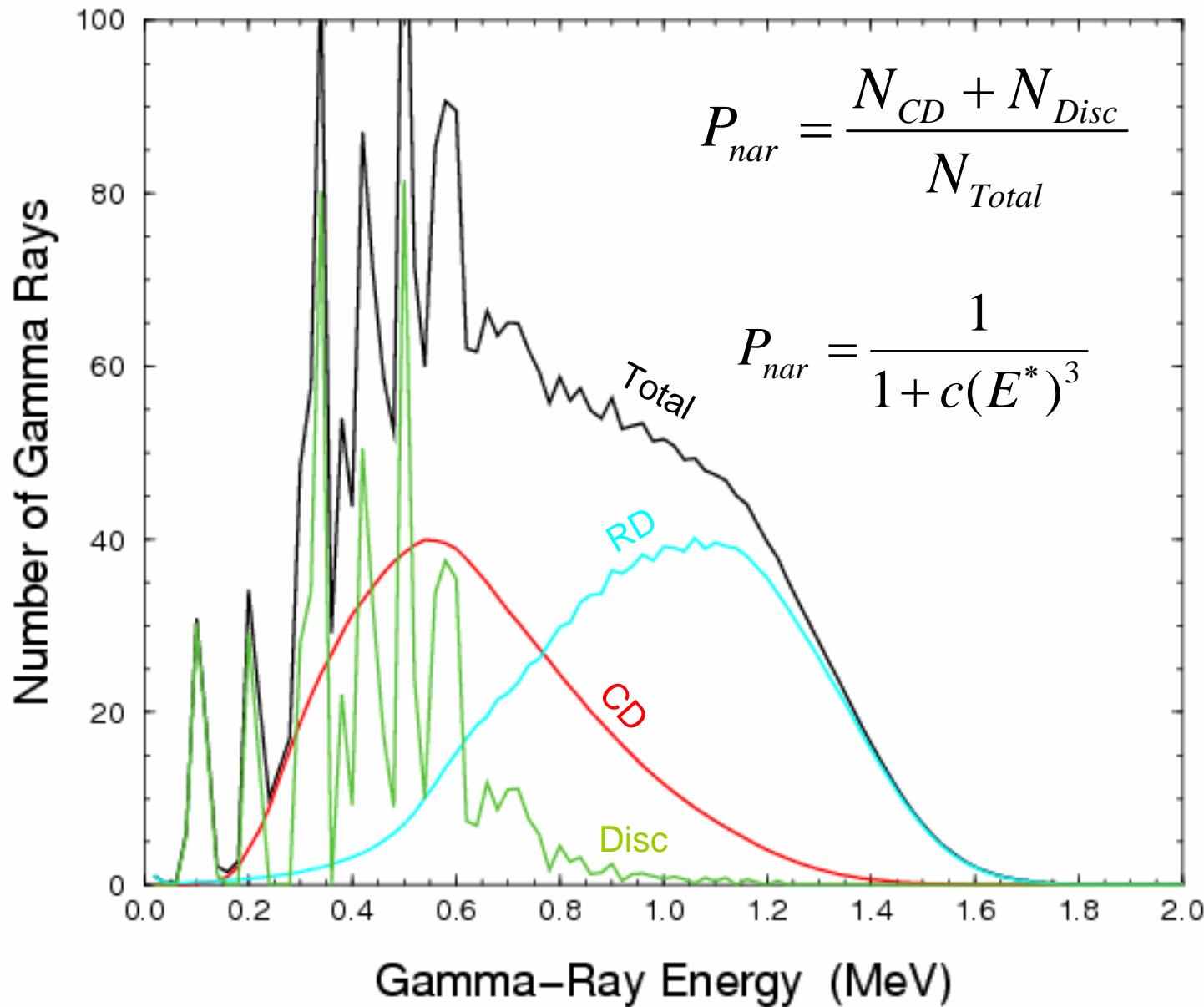
Fold in response function

Create $\gamma\gamma$ matrix

Treat like data



Distribution of Gamma Rays



$$P_{nar} = \frac{1}{1 + \pi^2(v/d)^2}$$

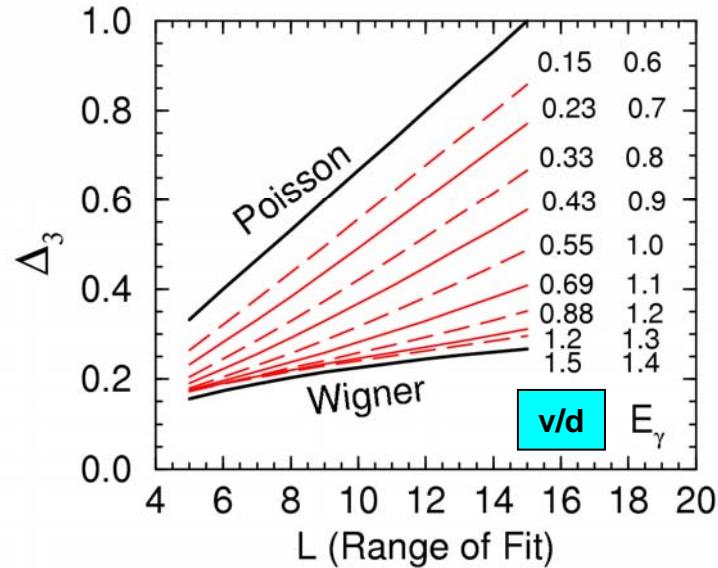
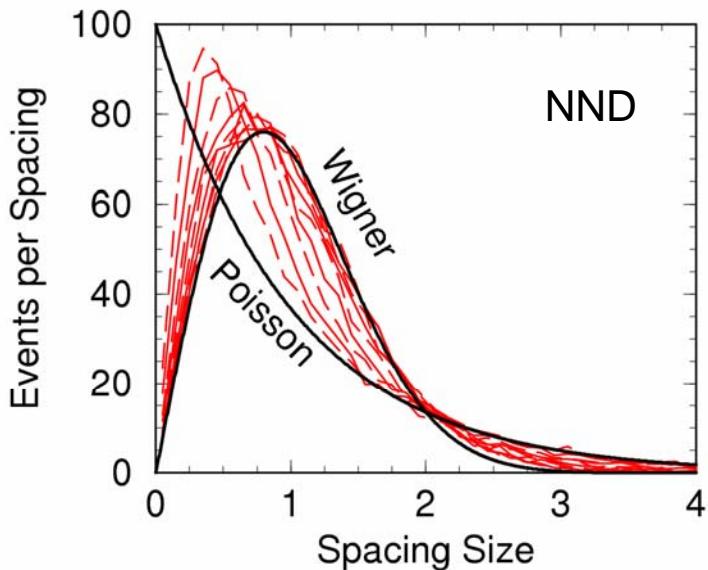
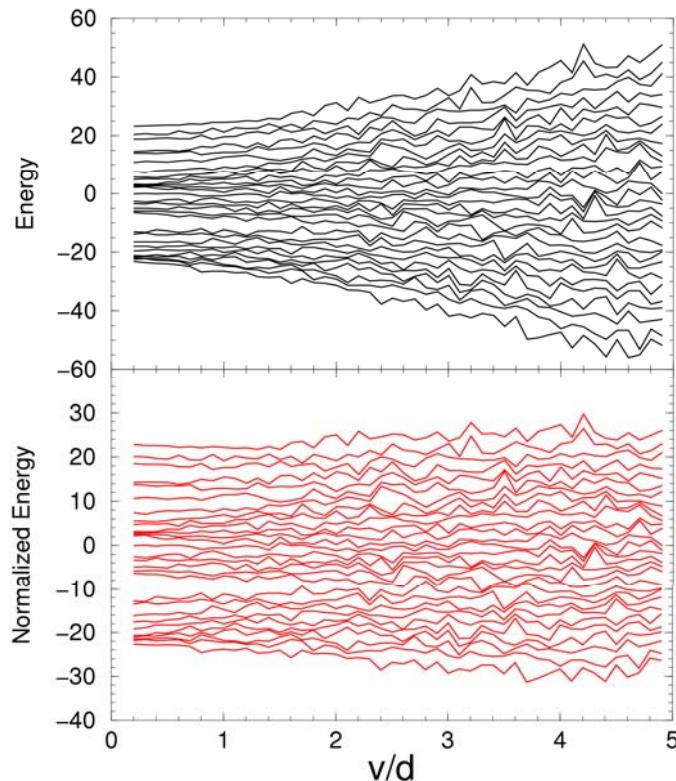
Random Matrix Theory

Level Energy: random number, $-25 < E < 25$

Separation, d ; exponential; Poisson

Interaction: random selection from Gaussian

Center 0; $\sigma=v$



Conclusions

➤ A new method to study chaotic behavior

- use wave function
- key parameter: v/d
- P_{nar} robust quantity

➤ Future

- study other nuclei
- restrict the pathways → Σ^*
- improve simulations
- other applications

